



Valid as of 27 January 2025

**FOREST MANAGEMENT – WOOD DECLARATION OF ORIGIN 2024**

Part 1 of 1

Regulation (EU) No. 995/2010 lays down the obligations of operators placing timber and timber products on the EU market. It deepens existing procedures and certification schemes with the objective to fight illegal logging and the trade of illegally harvested timber and related products.

Beside the prohibition of placing illegally harvested wood on the market, the regulation distinguishes between operators, which place the timber or timber products on the market the first time and have to exercise due diligence, and traders who shall, throughout the supply chain, be able to identify the operators or traders who have supplied the timber and timber products and the customer and/ or traders to whom timber and timber products are supplied.

Folding Boxboard Eerbeek B.V. works in compliance with PEFC™ Chain of Custody (CU-PEFC-COC-888212), FSC® Chain of Custody ( CU-COC-888212) and FSC Controlled Wood certification and its own traceability systems. These systems on a deliberate basis include a due diligence system/ risk assessment, in case Folding Boxboard Eerbeek B.V. is acting as operator and confirms awareness of the regulation and meeting of the compliance obligations. Therefore, virgin fiber timber products, such as round wood, wood chips and market pulp, which are used for the manufacturing of our carton boards originate from legal, sustainable managed, known and/ or controlled sources.

The list below summarizes timber origin and timber species of above mentioned fresh fiber input in the year 2024:

<b>Timber Origin</b>	<b>Timber species - common name</b>	<b>Timber species - scientific name (spp.)</b>
EU 27 + Argentina, Norway, UK, Uruguay	Birch, Douglas Fir, Alder, Ash, Eucalyptus, Spruce, Pine, Linde, Poplar, Willow	Betula spp., Pseudotsuga spp., Alnus spp., Fraxinus spp., Eucalyptus spp., Picea spp., Pinus spp., Tilia spp., Populus spp., Salix spp.